

Topic

Spring 1971 (?)

Q: What did you say about your knife?

A: I said that { you used it to stab me (with) }
? you stabbed me with it }

Q: What did you say about yesterday?

A: I said that { it was when Jack left }
* when Jack left was when
* Jack left when

Q: What did you say about Mom?

A: I said that { he was stared at by Hannah } NB contrast
? Hannah stared at him
he was the one who Hannah stared at
* the one who Hannah stared at was him
? Hannah was the one who he stared at
? the one who he stared at was Hannah

NB

Pronominalization and Prop Function
of non-specific indefinites

* Nobody spoke up, but I hated him

4/22/71

Nobody left * { since
and
although
because } he was tall

Nobody passed it by studying histories (*,) instead of writing his mother

Nobody wrote me (*,) to get his grades

Nobody { said that he was sick
left (*,) before he was called
before being photographed
a Catholic }
{ convert
etc }

What about factives?

Nobody { realized
was surprised
? regretted } that he had been photographed

See also etc

Pronominalization and Propositional Function
of non-specified indefinites

p. 2

4/23/71

Nobody { went out and got his rifle
? respected Marge and hated his sister }

Nobody typed up { a
* Ann's } description of his beard

Nobody { had an opportunity to visit his sister
? discussed }

Nobody believed (?? the claim) that he was sick

But OK: Nobody ate the peanuts that he had bought
Why?

Cleft 5?

4/21/71

I was John { who / that } I didn't find congenial

→ That was John { who / that } I was describing

NB * That was to John that I gave it

This is ∴ prolly not a cleft 5

White's Del

4/13/71

Berlin is a city which (it) is idiotic to visit

↓ White's Del ←

a city idiotic to visit

↓ Modifier Shift

an idiotic city to visit

This rule can work on funny NP:

Tell me { the right
(an) idiotic } city to visit
the

WHY? →

Modifier Shift

4/22/71

great argument for:

These houses are { well
german
? recently } { built
made }

* —————

10

{ well
german
? recently } { built
made } houses

* —————

Idioms

4/23/71

* What he kisses is ass

ass-kisser
ass-kissing



kiss ass

* ass was kissed
by the sergeant

Why $\$$ * bucket kicking ?

mind blowing - blow (one's) mind - ? my mind is blown

(A)be) blame-taking - this suggests \exists rule
which deletes articles

Aspect

4/21/71

read book - perfective

read in book - durative

It was up to Ch. 3 that I read $\left[\begin{array}{c} \text{in} \\ * \\ \text{---} \end{array} \right]$ that book

It was up to the end that I read $\left[\begin{array}{c} * \\ \text{in} \\ \text{---} \end{array} \right]$ that book

read in $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{book} \\ \text{? alphabet} \\ \text{? list} \\ \text{? sign} \\ \text{? letter} \end{array} \right\}$

I read up to Ch. 3 in $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{the book} \\ * \\ \text{a book} \\ \text{a sci.-t. book} \end{array} \right\}$

N Relation

4/4/21

Do you want me to make you a

{ (cup of) { coffee }
 { tea }
{ (glass of) { gin }
 { whisky }
* { slice of } toast }

5 Variesing

It seemed to me

4/15/71

than { I thought (was necessary)
was {likely
necessary
probable} }
I realized (that people thought)

If had an opportunity to claim
*dismissed

So I guess I real variable
in the rule

Branching Adjectives

Alba - of also two-gun shut head
fight-ass knuckle head

4/21/71

He is very

- * (hard) - working
- * (tight) - ~~footed~~
- * (heart) - broken

I think that if a rule can be motivated, I'll be down to lexicahem, because of the extra meanings of two fight footed etc.

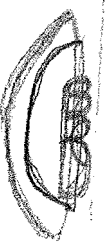
It was a quite * (heart) - breaking loss

Why oh why must these Adj branch? This is the only place I know with a restriction like this.

And they can have these as prep members

N	}	low-hearted
Q		two-faced / many-faceted
Adj		big footed

are there any more Adv — Yes! well-intentioned
(e.g. often etc) well-mannered
which can't occur in predicate position



Branching Adjectives

p. 2

4/23/71

1. This is a ^(very) well-looked at area

This diagram argues for a T rule,
not a lexical rule

2.

well {
slept in
paid for
thought of
*Verb'd during

Ha! The lack
of any such Verb P
adjective follows from
independently needed
constraints on Redipping

This car is ^{*}(German) made

Branching Adjectives

p. 3

4/23/71

Jack is { ? low-hearted
a lowhearted man
? red-headed
? freckle-faced }

Same in
german
*(eng)stirnig
*(zwei)köpfig

OK two-faced
long-winded
heavy-handed
? stop-shouldered

N_1 is Adj N_2 ed
Arguments for deriving these transformationally:

1. \exists N is Adj relationship here: Adj N_2 ed

2. \exists inalienable have a relationship between N_1 and N_2

3. But: \exists iteration: *a cherry-nipped breasted virgin

asleep-armed

also → other

4/15/71

? I also invited another friend

Slightly redundant

NB:

I have { a
*the
*huns } picture of another greek

This argues that \exists rule of lowering here
maybe this is the reason why er is used here

Sifting

4/13/71

Beautiful fact of Peter Geach's

John's ^{planned} attempted murder of his queen



Source, please?

2/1/72

Can't come from

, which was planned,

certainly

Clause Deletion

4/13/71

stand
as
 from
 equatives

was necessary
I thought
I realized
 *I considered
 *(it) seemed
 (?it) was reported

NB that

Why is this useless

* which it seemed

(HIP)

4/13/71

Highest island is wrong, because of S_1 but S_2 .

surprised to

p. 1

4/13/71

Inner island rules split as to which allow words like this to intervene. None allow surprised that

OK 1. Adv. Prep. : Near me I was surprised to see a snake

?? 2. Though Preposing : ?? popular though I was surprised to be,

* 3. The/a warmth : he greeted me with the warmth that I was surprised to get from him

?/OK 4. Clefting of Adverbs : ? It was with the fork that I was surprised to be able to cut the pants
It was in the garden that I was surprised to see Max kissing her

* 5. Comparatives : * He is taller than I am surprised to see that you are

? 6. ? the happiest that I was surprised to find out that you have seen him

OK 7. Sleeping , I was surprised to discover,

OK 8. which/as : as many of us were surprised to learn

? 9. ? He is $\frac{1}{2}$ the doctor that we were surprised to learn that he could be

surprised to

OK 10. Whatever he was surprised to find as being

4/13/71

OK 11. ... the meter I was surprised to become

? 12. Gapping

What V follow?

They were surprised to {

- have won
- ? win
- be winning
- discover 5
- * know 5
- be hoarse
- * top up down

Usual

4/13/71

Dave Stamp's fact:

The usual people were fucking in surprising places

* Surprising people were fucking in the usual places.

(Nominalization)

4/12/71

He criticized book before { I appeared
getting smashed
1945 }

Maybe in

his criticism of the book before { * it appeared
getting smashed
1945 }

This is out because the whole thing has to nominalize

This is another case where sub cl ≠ complement, because of his belief that S

Aha! NB *her description of Bill to get herself with the paper
Maybe this is bad because ing-phrases are more N-like than

Deletion and Contraction

4/11/71

He gave her something, but } what's not clear
 } what is not clear

If this is good, then deletion in lower clauses
doesn't affect contraction

Ha! { him } - \nexists deletion
 { one }
himself - \exists deletion

Of which car do you think my description { it } accurate?
 { *'s }

John said that the picture of { ^{one} him }'s on the table
 { *himself }

NB: I know something about Sodom & Gomorra, but the whole story's
never been told to me - all I know is that it's a story

Tough Movement and Pronominalization

4/11/21

* George_i is tough to take his_i lollypop away from.

George's_i lollypop is hard to take away from him_i.

* George's_i sister was hard to take her_i lollypop away from

This really looks like cyclical pronom.

? The girl who George married is hard for me to imagine him telling her
that he would feel
for

That these pictures of himself look good is hard for me to imagine Tom saying
him
? Tom

MWNPC

4/11/21

I gave Bill a nickel + her a dime

^

The poems which I read { to her + she to me }
*her and she me

she argues

(Gapping)

Rel Cl Formation

(because no clause-by-clause analysis)

Vocatives + Implied Orders

4/10/71

Dave Stamp's fact:

There's a draft in here, Mike or Tom

*please

← incredible contrast

NB (Dave points out)
I'd like a beer, please.

This one sounds like

(Maybe this is another instance for
presupposition vs implicature
(or inference))

Janette Gendel's fact:

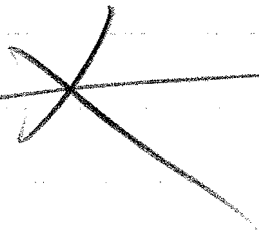
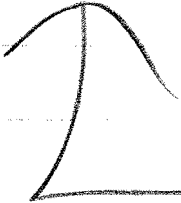
I order a woman to pick it up

* Pick it up, a woman

Pendo - left 5/6

4/6/7

the proof is that he ate cheese

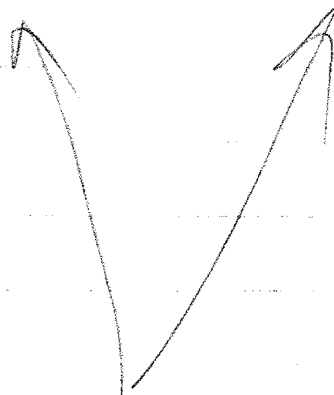


wh-ever

4/9/71

Fact from Sandra Gurdell

whatever he doesn't wear, he will wear the bikini



Only good w/ post neg clo.

Modifier Preposing

4/9/71

hard-working
fast-running

The adverbs here can't be preposed by
independently D rules.

as X so Y

4/9/71

Arnold's fact:

as X so Y

is also
inner-island
bound

vice versa + respectively

4/9/71

Ted + Max kissed Sue + Alice, respectively,
and vice versa

↑
My god

— maybe this is even good

"SSC"

4/6/71

Parallel to SSC facts in derived object,
we find

* Who did you believe a picture of to have fallen down?

? Who do you expect letters from to come today

13 - who are you expecting a letter from (from Tokyo) (today)

What about

Aha — so maybe what's out is

anything followed by [V X]

Won't work for SSC — No — this is OK, because
adj = V

?* It was Mary who I found getting along with difficult

Aha! It was Mary who I found difficult to get along with in

?? who did you find
her getting at
in dutch
taste

SSC + Lexicalism

4/6/71

About whom do you think our decision was in error?

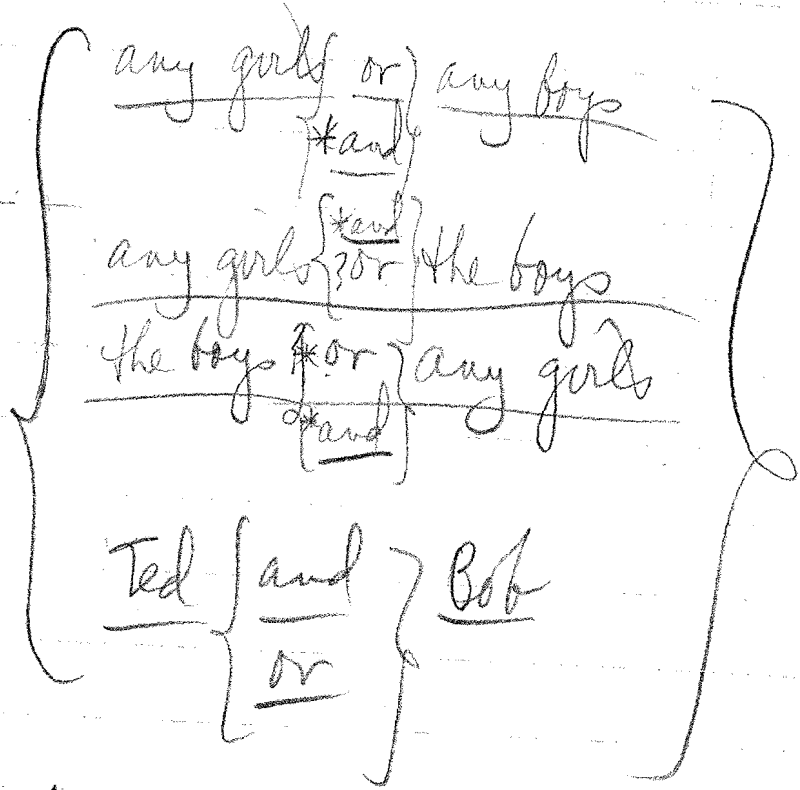
SSC appears not to care about derived
non-clauses.

any and "CSC"
and "DeMorgan"

facts from OSU

4/6/71

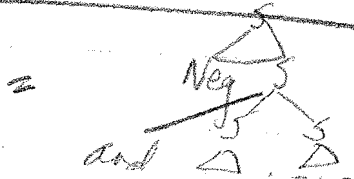
I didn't tickle



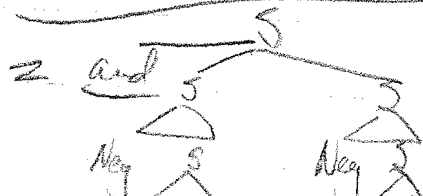
What the fuck gives? when is and → or OBLIG?

NB: only 5* and changes: *I didn't mix cement or water
I didn't claim that Sam or Ed had left (*together)

Logically,
I didn't tickle Ted & Bob



I didn't tickle Ted or Bob



any and "CSC" and "DeMorgan"

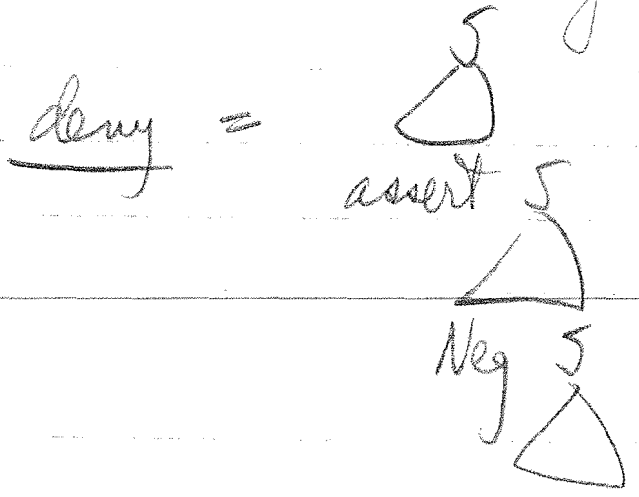
4/6/71

I deny that they ticked Ted [and] Bob

*or

This is out, in the intended sense.

But this is just what we'd expect, because



$$\sim [p \& q] = \sim p \vee \sim q \quad - \text{DeM}$$

There is no syntactic analog.

~~But syntactically, $\sim p \& \sim q$~~

Rather, \exists DC, which says $[(SR / \underline{and}_i \text{ com } \underline{Neg}_j)] \& (SS / \underline{Neg}_j \text{ com } \underline{and}_i) \supset (\underline{and}_i \rightarrow \underline{or})$

any and "CSC" and "DeMorgan"

4/6/71

Facts from OSV

I didn't know

that anybody had left ^{and} or that anybody had potential

that anybody had left ^{? or} and that Paul had been mad

that Paul had been mad ^{? or} and that anybody had been mad

that S₁ and or that S₂

I knew that he was there and she (was) here

I didn't know that she was cooking any

or that he was eating any
*

*and he eating any

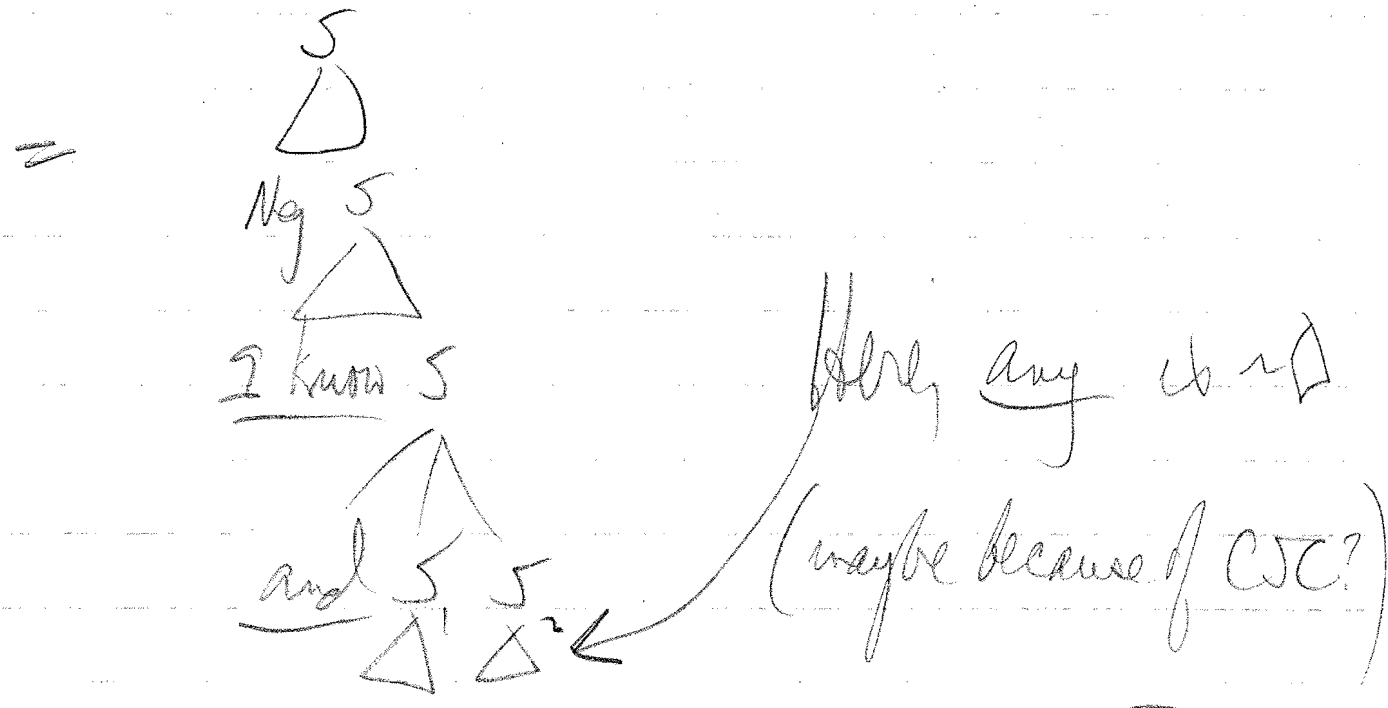
that she had cooked steak or (that) beefish

NB *Bill was eating steak or Max fish

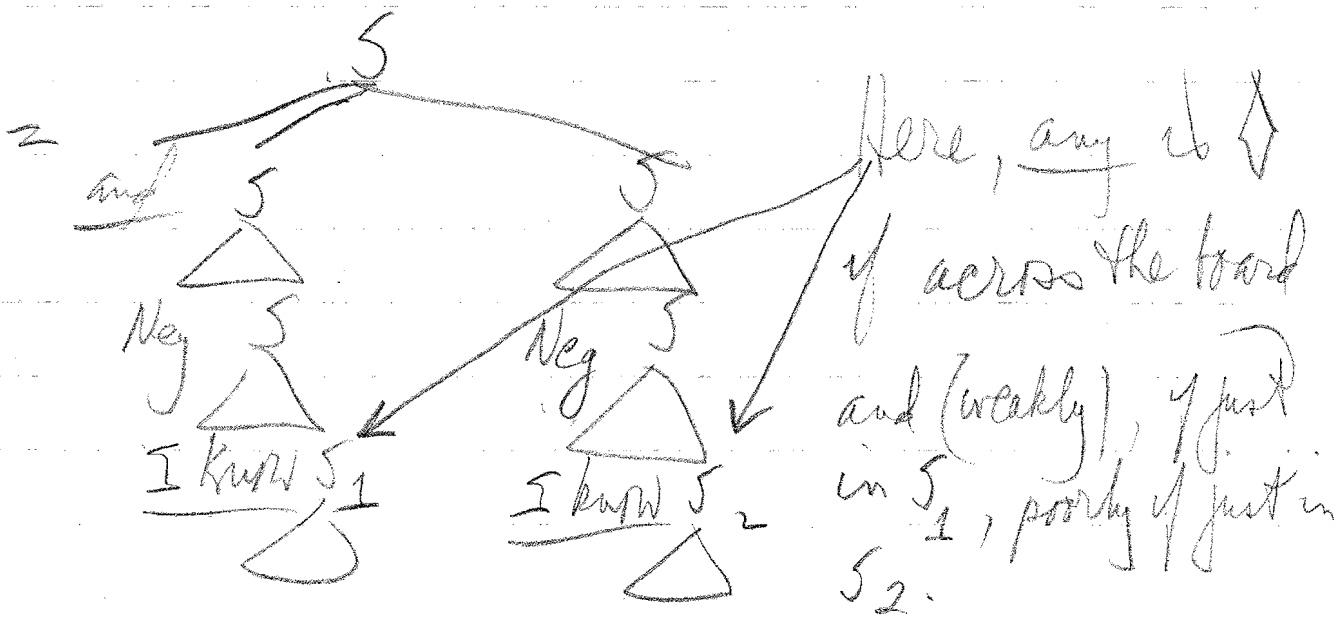
any and "CSC" and "De Morgan"

4/6/71

I didn't know that S_1 and that S_2



I didn't know that S_1 or that S_2



any and "CSC" and "De Morgan"

4/6/71

Hypothesis: only one of these types of coordination
(and I'm betting on the one that allows
or's and any's) will allow across-
the-board chopping

Wrong,
I fear.

~~Any house that you claim that you have found fleas in { or
and }
that your kids are repelled by will be razed.~~

~~The house which I didn't know that she had bought~~

~~{ or } that he had fixed up
and }~~

was spacious

~~The man who I couldn't find any stories about or
any pictures of~~

Seems to eat shit in jobs

Not Hopping + Have Deletion

4/6/21

Possible argument source:

I don't want $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} * \text{sm} \\ \text{any} \end{array} \right\}$ I

If a V can be found whose object can have sm
even when it is negated, then we have two arguments.

10/25/21

No argument — apparently, $\sim \exists$ sm
commanded by Neg.

I²NC³

The Island-internal Noun Complement Clause Constraint

(as George suggested, 4/6/21, though without evidence)

The fact that it is island-internality that is crucial here is shown by the following pair:

I expected $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{his going} \\ \rightarrow \end{array} \right\}$ would be asked

*that I would go

The fact that this is out can't be explained on perceptual grounds (being led down the garden path) because this should then be just as bad.

Thus George must be right in his suggestion.

Can some minimal pair be found?

The facts of *to whom known? and that he is not do

that he is here is odder than *15 that he is not

some-any and SSC

4/6/71

Fact pointed out by Greg:

They didn't realize that
 * hiring anyone had been easy for Mike
 * it had been easy for Mike to hire anyone

These are equi-rotten, thus this badness says nothing about whether SSC controls any.

NB: IF Not stepping interacts with whatever's going on here, part of some-any must be cyclic

Non-semantic nature of constraints

4/6/71

Facts from OSU

I verified (the fact) that he had shoes on

↑
These are, I hope, semantically identical, yet only when the fact is present is an island formed.

"Poss NP C"

Facts from OSU

4/6/71

A. Arnold's suggestion: that in a dog of John's
this is an island because it's a reduced RC.
My argument for: in (1), this door is ^(fairly) choppy

(1) I have [a key to this door] of John's

(2) ? It is this door which I have a key to of John's

Thus Noam's idea is wrong.

B. Another facet of the "Poss NP C" which is wrong

(3) It was Mary who I didn't approve of Jack's decision to hire

C. Another possibility: ^{NP} ← this is an island

(Reattaching)

Facts unearthed in talking to Dick: 4/1/71

I let the cats out + (?she) the dogs in
*out the cats + (?she) in the dogs

//

? I will write you + she phone Tom

Oly the generalization is statable
in terms of left-branchiness?

[X-ed] _{adj}

4/1/71

She has big wadded tits

* She is a big wadded titted girl

He goes out with bigger-titted girls than
} big-titted

I do

I guess this argues for
not having these underived.

like-phrases

4/1/71

Fred + Tom swim like $\left[\begin{array}{l} \text{fishes} \\ \hline *a\text{fish} \end{array} \right]$

This seems to argue that
this must have as part of its RS

Fred + Tom are like $\left[\begin{array}{l} \text{fishes} \\ \hline *a\text{fish} \end{array} \right]$

Freezing
Extended senses + productivity

p.1

of man
cable
argument
*verb

+ Unspecified NP Deletion 3/30/71

This kim chee is hot — * I heated the kim chee

This coat is warm — * I warmed the coat

///

* He flew out to center field

* A pile of Lives was on the table

Kiparsky

Paul's e.g. *the strength of
this German verb
is unknown

Paul suggests:

to
clauses
are formed
by minor
rules

No minor rule applies to a derived sense
(How come \exists I took advantage of her?)

aha — this is why John read last night

is bad in the sense of poker.

ATTA! This means that this is formed by a rule!

Extended ^{Freezing} senses of productivity

p. 2

3/31/71

In the "VP" take advantage of
the V can undergo a minor rule

Can the whole VP?

Paul's rule should explain why idioms don't
passivize

Maybe if we say that \exists a hierarchy:

Major rule

Minor rule

No rule

Suppose we say that becoming an idiom =
acquiring a derived sense
implies dropping a step on the hierarchy.

Major rules minorize, minor rules vanish.

Freezing

p.3

3/31/71

Paul points out: \exists the warmth of the coat
 \nexists * I warmed the coat
So there must be a hierarchy of majority

Aba — it must be nominalization as a whole that is bad, because of

* the {strength / weakness} of that verb is unknown

The fact that \nexists * I broke ^{his voice} the wave

means that \exists some process relating X broke and Y broke X

How come \exists we broke his spirit

(Aba - \nexists * his spirit broke)

Don't we predict that this [↑] shouldn't happen?

Argument for derivation: If root requires new sense, there may or may not be a new derivative

Freezing

p. 4

3/31/71

Are there minor phonological rules?
What's the difference between a minor P rule +
exceptions & a general rule?

Yes — [uw] → [ʊ]

~~foot~~
~~roof~~
room
root
broom
—

Ala — maybe this is
major before [ʃ]

* roosh

* poosh

dull * [ʊ] dool

(Pool - full)

Are there minor word-formation rules?

Yes — V → [V+al]_N

Major — Lat stem → Lat prefix + Latin stem

Anticycle

3/29/71

1. * Just - before the late, I know

2. Since then in the

3. will → I demand that nothing could be done for me
Joseph be found

4. Demand Permission

Inf \Leftarrow Dir

3/29/71

{ *To ski
→ Skiing } { I've never tried
has often been tried
was hard for me to begin }

Maybe this is out for the
same reason that directionals don't front:
because to is really a directional preposition

Tough Movement

3/29/71

shaving herself under the bars as hard for me to
imagine Mary being willing to try

There really is a sub.

respectively & blands

3/29/71

The beans + Franks Tom + Ed ^{? resp} will eat *resp

The beans + soup I gave to Ed + John, resp

I talked to Joe + Bill about war + peace resp
about war + peace to Joe + Bill, resp

//o *I talked to Bill + Sue about each other
why? I told Bill + Sue about e.o.

//o I talked to her about him, +rvv
about him to her, +rvv

Tags + ?

3/25/71

* We've talked too long, haven't we? ↗

Why? (The too wrecks things)

Because NB

? We have talked too long, haven't we? ↗

Maybe still bad.

Visible n-

3/25/71

{ Nobody left. } They did too
* few people left.

This is the same as

{ — I guess not }
{ —, I don't think }

#not# → no

3/25/71

[Nobody's here. } No
[* Few people are here } I guess not]

P.E.D.

NP
1 + Non-OC's
5

3/24/71

* He gave P to someone -
is to whom known?

prevent

3/23/71

- * It was made to rain
 - * It was prevented from raining
 - * Tabs were prevented from being kept on the transaction
- //s

* There was prevented from being a rest

each other

3/19/71

1. Where are these

everybody kissed each other
All the men

supposed to come from?

2. What blocks

The real parallel
is to reflexives.

I argued *with the men about each other
Themselves
with each of the men about the other

3. Durgin's Is: They realized that presents for each other
are a shaky basis for a friendship

Aux + VP Del

3/17/71

While they can't be moved from clauses,
they can be, in general, from NP's
} ?* in general, be from NP's

NB also *.. they can, in general, from NP's

Thus VP Del really makes the Aux
into an island, or something

Hmm

Hmm

Hmm

How can this fact be used?

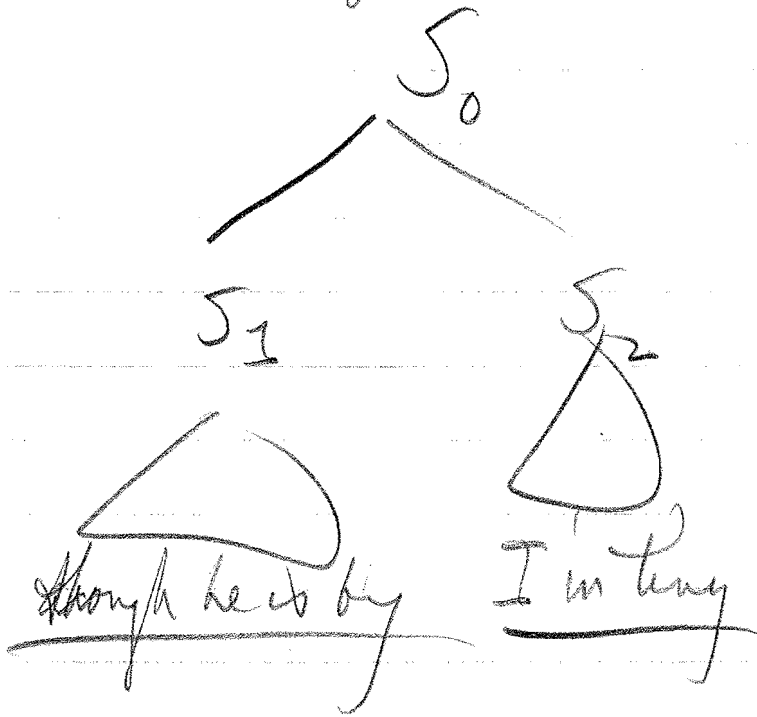
Islands

3/16/71

Hey! Nothing comes out of though-clauses,
but Though Posing works!

That's wrt as by as he is.

This suggests a structure like



M as higher V

3/16/71

George's fact:

{ * Rufus left.
~~I think that Rufus left.~~
~~Rufus may have left.~~ } my wife thinks so too.

Perfs + Tag Qs

3/11/71

They said that it { sounded
looked
tasted } good (to them)
etc
(also: was obvious)

They thought that it tasted good (* to them)

NB: It tastes good (to me)

This argues for this

It tastes good (* to me), doesn't it?
// It's obvious (* to me), isn't it?

Doesn't it taste good (* to me)?
Isn't it obvious (* to me).

(Auto-cycle)

3/4/21

If Typicalization works from the top down, how do we stop?

* Ramon I said that beers I had bought from

Is there some truth about only one application per stretch? Or what?

(Shifting)

3/10/71

Jerry's S's:

Put it over there, I guess

My contention is that there is a reduced pseudo-cleft

(i.e. where you should put it is over there)

cf. *go to sleep, I guess (except as an answer to what should I do?)

NB also: *please leave, I guess

Supposing 3 things:

1. All answers as PC S's
2. I rule of Answer Shifting
3. It follows Shifting.

Then we get these facts free.

Inclusion Constraint

3/9/71

This is a DC because of

We began to expect me to be nominated
* leap

So: If A and B aren't deep clause mates,
they can become clause mates only if B
isn't an argument.

Anastomotic Islands

3/7/71

in*(the) bed next to hers

* If you're going to school, why don't you look at me?

blow freezing up.

Handwritten scribbles and signatures at the bottom left of the page.

each

3/7/71

This is weird w/ $\sqrt{\text{creation/destruction}}$

→ * I ^[baked] {also} each of the cookies

* Each problem arose / * each vanished

→ (But I/B: I also each of the cookies a different way)
Each problem

Can this be shown to wreck Douglas's analysis of each other?

Aha! * Each of the men destroyed it

Each other: each of the countries destroyed the others

Maybe each always has 2 covariates

Thus each was baked = each laughed at one time
This would explain this contract, as well as each of the men know it

each

p. 2

3/7/21

{ A picture of each man was stolen
*Aunt's }

The men were willing to see each other

≠ ? The men were surprised to see each other

Each wanted to come (for a different reason)

will → 0

3/2/71

I demand that { anything he touch be sterilized
anyone he photograph be dressed
what he eat be beans }

* where he sleep be on my bed.

I request that { how much } he give* (s) we be unknown till
what Fri

I demand that anyone he touch { be washed }
?? { leave early }

Seems to work best w/ inanimates

great evidence for Cap Switch.

we demand that { beans be what he eat }
in the house be where he sleep

SSC + SR

3/2/71

The SSC is wrong;
we would expect to get

* It was Max who I believed [looking at to
be difficult for Betsy]

We can't say that I DC to the
effect that nothing comes out of a clause
which was a SSC, because what
about extrap?

[Bad news: this is explained by Noam's
rotten idea that this is still a clause]

Subject Requirement

3/1/71

* Which man did he demand leave early?

? Of which car did he demand that the hood be fixed?

Pronom + CSC

3/1/71

* The story of an agreement between Mary, Sue, + Tom,
+ of his; duplicity

* The story tells of the similarities between
kissing Mike, and fondling greta, and of the length
of his; prick

So: The CSC

But NB: it's OK w/ across the board

pronom:

The story tells of similarities between
Mike's dog + Mike's sister, and of his intercourse
with both

Complex NP Shift (5)

2/26/71

Key look — there must be the same fact:

On Tuesday starts a seminar* (on racial equality)

By Leibniz was discovered the fact* (that 5)

I explained to Mort the fact* (that 5)

But how can this be, unless there is some general constraint on right moving NP's (???) that they be "heavy"?

"Do Support" = Analysis Destruction

2/26/71

All these potatoes contain at least 25% DDT,
and I request that any you eat do also

↑
Where from,
please?

Neg Presup + Counterfactuals

2/26/71

* { It's odd / I regret (it) } that he would have cried
if we had hit him.

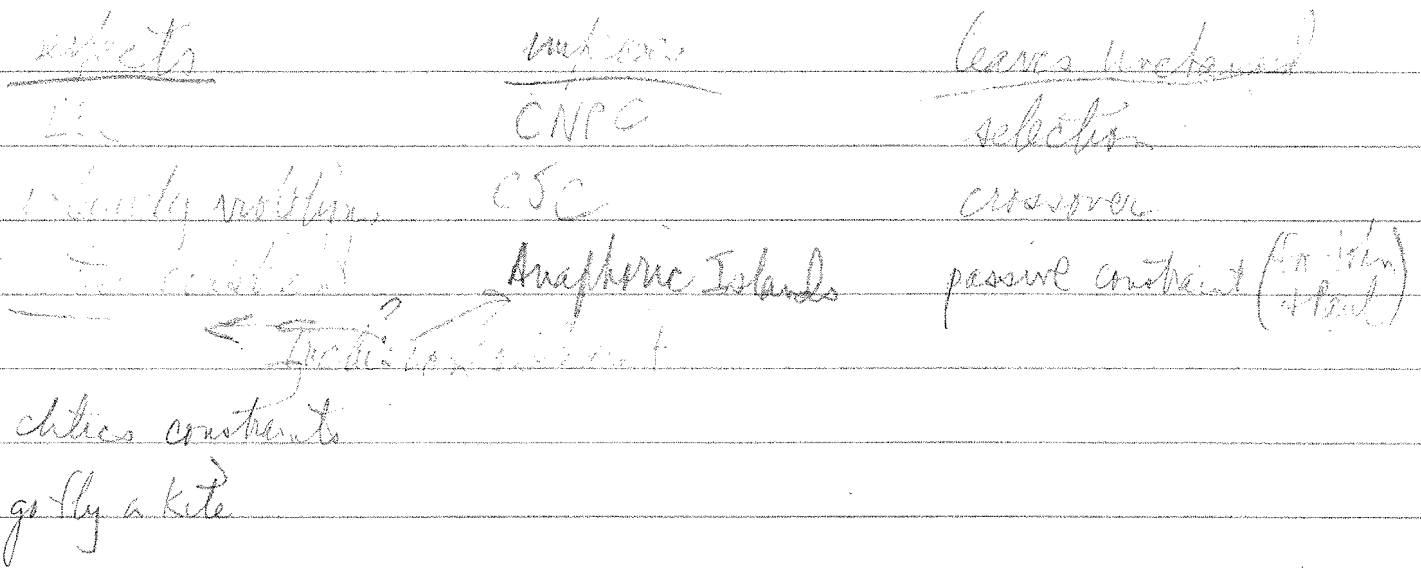
2/25/71

Hypothesis: No semantic violations are imposed by
mandibility

E.g. * The guide dispersed, but it was who'd been placed
into a swarm of bear cubit (disperse)

Equi-system

Mandibility



What about the converse: all syntactic ones are imposed

? ↑ Anaphoric

If true, this would be a great leap forward. But what about

Crossover? How can it

Command

2/24/71

dressing herself is hard for Jill

* herself is hard for Jill to dress



Should be out for the same reason
as any snacks are easy to avoid eating

Inclusion Constraint

2/23/71

The IC seems to prohibit even deeply different clausal NP's from getting together if the second is an agent.

Thus

I want us { to leave by noon } — only OK if it means
 { to be nominated } our train etc
 *to hop up & down

Explains I forced us to leave

But: I saw us shining the shoes

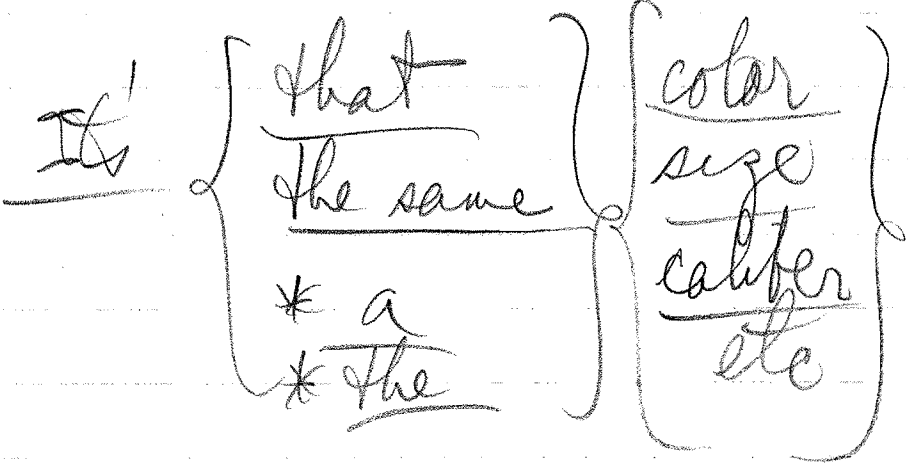
Uh oh — This must be the same fact as

Hey! I want (*myself) to run

(1) (2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8) (9) (10) (11) (12) (13) (14) (15) (16) (17) (18) (19) (20) (21) (22) (23) (24) (25) (26) (27) (28) (29) (30) (31) (32) (33) (34) (35) (36) (37) (38) (39) (40) (41) (42) (43) (44) (45) (46) (47) (48) (49) (50) (51) (52) (53) (54) (55) (56) (57) (58) (59) (60) (61) (62) (63) (64) (65) (66) (67) (68) (69) (70) (71) (72) (73) (74) (75) (76) (77) (78) (79) (80) (81) (82) (83) (84) (85) (86) (87) (88) (89) (90) (91) (92) (93) (94) (95) (96) (97) (98) (99) (100)

Modifierlessness

2/23/71



Greetings!

2/23/71

Hello, { every } body
 { * some }

↑
This is a performative

Sluicing

2/23/71

... aber ich habe wem vergessen

As

ich habe daß er hier ist vergessen

but of.

ich habe zugehen versucht

?

2/22/71

He is the one man whose opinion is

* more
* the most

important to me

than anyone else's
of all

Sleeping + Not Copying

2/17/71

I believe we can get the facts of

Max isn't here, (*they believe) I don't think

by doing this ordering, with 2 split rules.

1. SD of Sleeping Last cyclic - blocks if it sees any neg wording in.
2. SD of Not Copying Cyclic
3. Some → any Cyclic
4. SC of Sleeping
5. Not Chopping (Not Cracking)
6. OC: on /n-1 + semantics.

"base"

they believe I think Neg Max is here → NCopying (cyclic)

1. they believe I don't think Max isn't here
2. Cant split

Uh oh: If this is good, doom:

But I think

?? Max isn't here, I don't think that they believe

Shifting + Not Copying

MS: We only want to delete NEG which has copied, 2/18/71 so we can get

Uh oh - what about?

I don't believe he can't here

They don't believe he left until Friday, I don't think

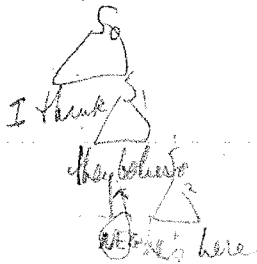
This shows it can't be a semantic DC.

What are the choices for stating this mother?

On Shifting

On Not Copying

On Adv_s



Copy a highest
(won't work - of)
negative into a
one-clause parenthetical
whose verb is a
not-topper.

- JD Shifting: Don't do w/ Neg
- Not Copying Cycle, probably
- SC Shifting
- Not Copying

DC's + T-rules

2/16/77

Note that if \exists rule of Not Copying
we need T-rules, because merely inspecting
two trees won't tell you where it came from.

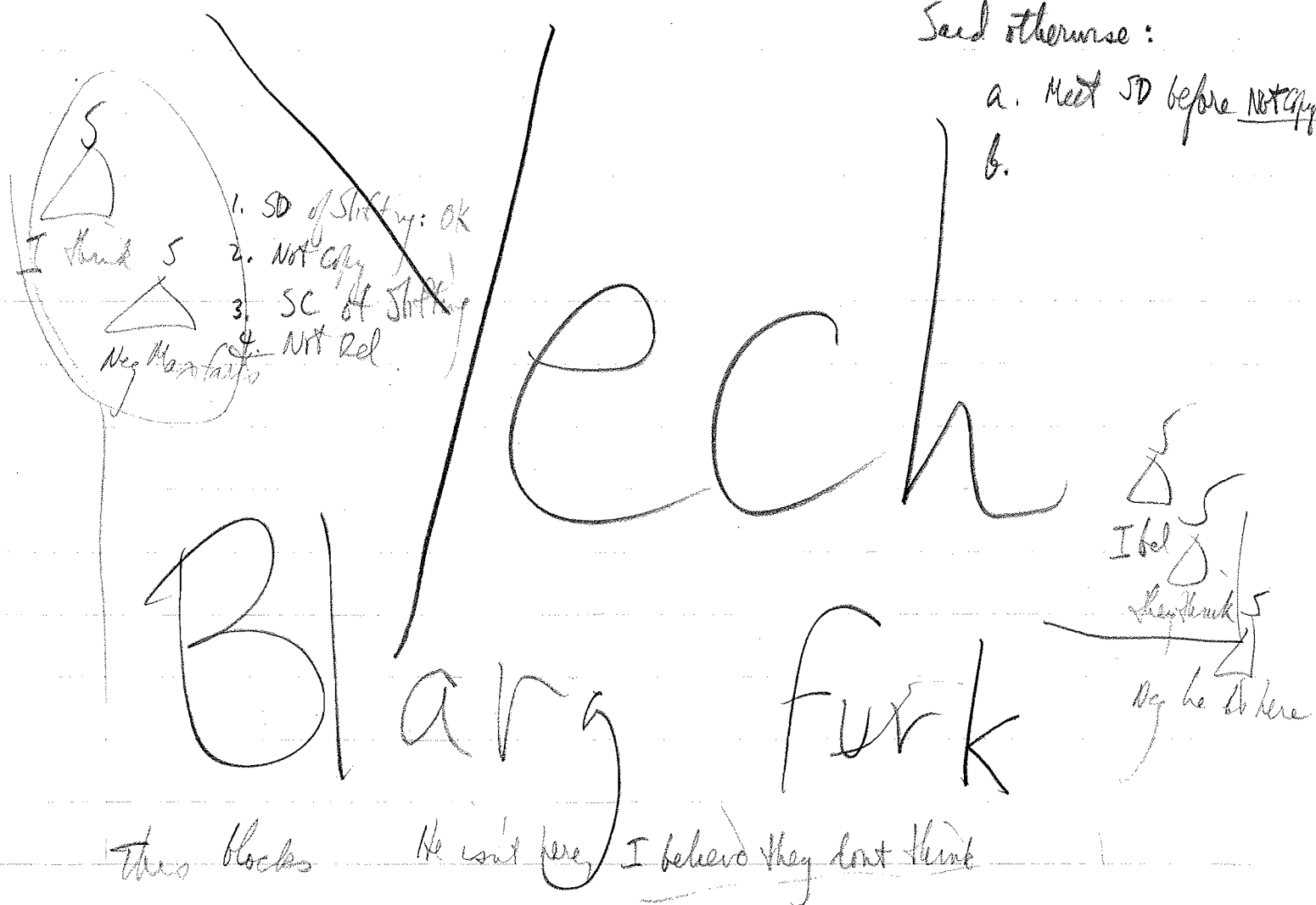
DC on Not Copying + Shifting

2/16/71

DC: If you are negative by virtue of not-copying, your object can only shift if that NEG was right below the performative, and if it shows up as /h-/ in SS.

Said otherwise:

- a. Meet SD before NOT copying
- b.



Equi

2/12/71

* What I wanted is that we go

help help
how I thrown out?

Hah! George points out

⇒ for us to go

Agreement + Comparatives

2/11/21

He has bigger claws than are usually
found in Saskatchewan



NB

argues for deletion

Idioms

2/11/71

He has $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{his} \\ *my \end{array} \right\}$ work cut out for $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{him} \\ *Alice \end{array} \right\}$

Here's an idiom which occurs (only?)
in than-clauses:

There's more going on than meets the eye

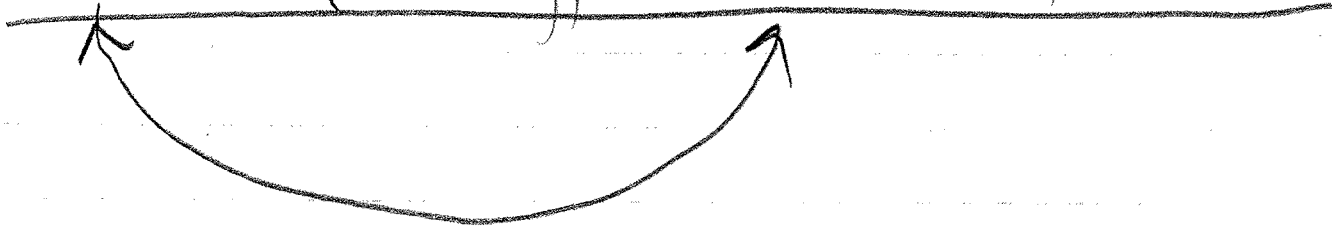
NB → (*I suspect)

* Bill's swimming meets the eye

Dominoes

2/11/71

Bill said (* to Mary) that Jack was tall, + vice versa



** what did who think was tall? <<

?? what did who shoot

Across the Board

2/10/71

Fact from Avery:

This S can't come from NP Shipping
2 conjuncts:

the boy who I said was sick

+ Bill said was well

V-V Constraints

2/9/71

Maybe the reason that \exists V-V-V
constraints is that items can only $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{condition} \\ \text{govern} \end{array} \right\}$
things in the next lower clause.

E.g. will $\rightarrow \emptyset$
finite $\rightarrow \emptyset$
have $\rightarrow \emptyset$
be $\rightarrow \emptyset$
that $\rightarrow \emptyset$

come $\rightarrow \emptyset$ / expect —
go $\rightarrow \emptyset$ / müssen —

have → Ø

2/9/71

NB

He doesn't have the lap he needs to be a great cat
striker

He doesn't have the lap I expected (him to have)

Lap is a great N, for its only
inalienable

NB * The lap that she has wakes for great
cat sleeping

Questions

2/5/71

where did you get that and please tell me what it cost

? that it was cheap

? talk a little louder

? come sit by me

It may be that Q's can only be conjoined with requests for speech.

Declaratives

2/3/71

The girls who John dates need people wiser than myself
*himself

to help them

Everybody likes John, but we need wiser people
than himself to help solve this one

(So it really does require command)

Yawn — argument #47

(?)

2/8/71

Q: How do you know X?
* realize
* remember
* find out

A: Because Y

Obviously, why do you say you know X?



How do you know X?

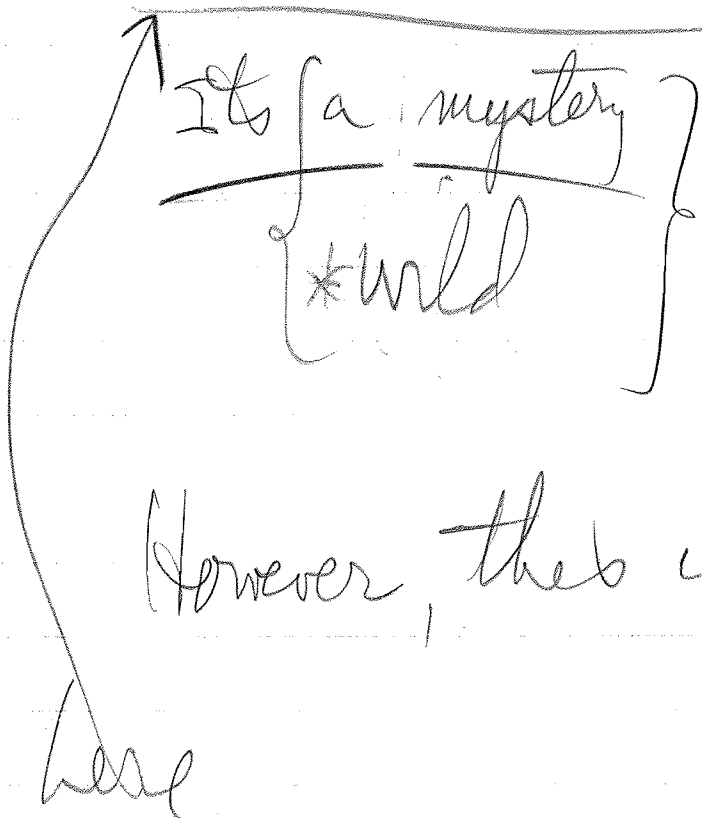
What can this be used to shed light on?

orig \$ is

1/25/71

= is required for Steel

I don't know where he left it.



It's a mystery
 { *wild }

However, this is OK with them

here

Now about

* They don't know whether or not he's sick.

It's wild

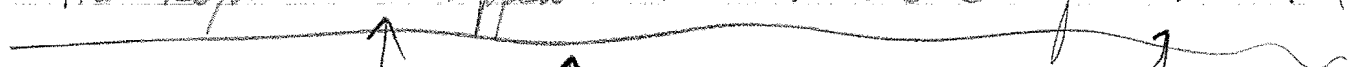
Still out

Way-Bombing

1/22/71

If way-Bombing is right,
agreement looks tough:

He kept what appear to have been careful tabs on Sal



This newly plural NP must be DC linked
to that NP, which must then pop plurality here,
Help help - about a 4 level constraint,

Adverb → Adv

1/22/71

The rule which makes cruel decision
is pretty the same as the one which makes
take unfair advantage.

PARADOX!
If so, it must be cyclic,
for we have to get Unfair advantage
was taken

cf. The (*unfair) taking advantage of juniors by seniors
has to stop

The keeping of careful tabs on ^{by the FBI} movements has to stop
[?]

This ^{*of} keeping tabs on me by the FBI has to stop

Suggests NP moving? This would account
also for the passive
+ N. - +.1

?

1/2/71

Sentence suggested by Minor's paper

^{*something which}
He kept what appeared to be
[quite careful] tabs on X
*Ø

Paul ^(MP) points out:

This parallels

He kept tabs on X in what
appeared to be a [quite careful] way

Some-any

1/12/71

(it seems that)

^ what Max doesn't believe is that Sue kissed anyone

* What Max doesn't believe seems to be that Sue kissed anyone

Argues for Raising:

Tom knows what Max doesn't believe to be that Sue kissed anyone

"Root" 5's and Variables

1/8/71

Key — if \exists difference here between say + guess,
maybe rootness has to do w/ islandity

John {guessed} that these deductions he had made up.
{said} never would he fart in the bath
that Bill had left he hadn't known.

(Cong Q's (?)
+ respectively)

1/5/71

which girls - Jan + Sue - were invited by which men - Ted + Tom (*Ed)

is fantastic

resp

* which girls - Jan or Sue - were invited by which men -

Tom or Ed - is a mystery

NB - As Dougherty points out,
or won't go with resp.

The men - Tom + Ed - kissed the girls - Jan + Sue, resp

This suggests that App Cls are not the source of appositives,
because respectively doesn't go across clauses.

* The men, whose names were Tom + Ed ate pizzas, which the girls -
whose names were Jan + Sue, resp, had made

The men flew to resorts - Fred + Bob to Las Vegas + to Bermuda, resp.

Object Incorporation

1/6/71

Arguments for kick ← foot strike

1. Semantically right

2. The process is needed anyway — ax-murderer

3. kick with the * (left) foot — //s Mohawk facts

4. I { nosed headed/butted
elbowed
shouldered
kneed
nudged
*fisted
*footed } him off

stiffarm ✓
prearm ✓

But why \$
* assed
* tapped
* heel
* toed
* fingered
* thumb

aha — these go to check?